

# Stealth Weapon: R&D Tax Credits

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# Stealth Weapon: R&D Tax Credits

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# Introduction to the R&D Tax Credit



- ✓ What constitutes R&D is much more expansive than what most business owners realize
- ✓ Originally signed into law in 1981, the scope of who qualifies has expanded thanks to new legislation, regulations, and numerous court cases establishing judicial precedent
- ✓ In 2003, the Discovery Rule was removed, meaning that research activities no longer had to be “new to the world”, but instead “new to the taxpayer” – a standard that is much more favorable to taxpayers
- ✓ In 2015, the Protecting Americans from Tax Hikes (PATH) Act not only made the R&D Tax Credit permanent, it modified the credit for the benefit of small and mid-sized businesses and opened up its availability to startups

# Introduction to the R&D Tax Credit

- ✓ How much is the R&D Tax Credit?
  - Benefit is generally between 6 and 8 cents to every qualified dollar
  - Dollar-for-dollar reduction in the company's federal tax liability
  - 1-year carryback and 20-year carryforward
  - Claim on amended return for open years
  - Many states also have R&D tax credits





# Introduction to the R&D Tax Credit

- ✓ What is the R&D Tax Credit?
  - A tax credit provided by the IRS to companies that focus on:
    - Creating new or innovative products
    - Improving existing products
    - Developing processes, patents, prototypes, or software
- ✓ R&D needs to attempt to discover technological information lacking to the taxpayer who is trying to develop or improve a business component's functionality, performance, reliability, or quality



# Who Qualifies?

✓ Credit is available to various types of industries

- Manufacturers
- Architecture & engineering firms
- Software development
- Food and beverage
- Distribution
- Pharmaceuticals
- Energy production
- Many more...



# What Activities Qualify?

<p><b><u>Permitted Purpose</u></b></p> <p>The activity relates to a new or <b>improved function, performance, quality, reliability or manufacturability</b> of a product, process, computer software, technique, formula, or invention, which is to be held for sale, lease, license, or used in your trade or business (“business component”)</p>	<p><b><u>Process of Experimentation</u></b></p> <p>Substantially all of the activities must be elements of a <b>process of experimentation</b> involving:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Evaluation of alternatives</li><li>• Refining or discarding of the hypotheses</li><li>• Systematic trial &amp; error, testing, modeling, simulation, prototyping</li></ul>
<p><b><u>Elimination of Uncertainty</u></b></p> <p>The activity must be intended to discover information to eliminate technical uncertainty concerning the <b>capability, method, or appropriate design</b> for developing or improving the business component</p>	<p><b><u>Technological in Nature</u></b></p> <p>The activity performed must fundamentally rely on <b>principles of hard sciences</b>, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Physical science</li><li>• Biological science</li><li>• Computer science</li><li>• Engineering</li><li>• Mathematics</li></ul>



# Examples of Qualified Activities

- ✓ To advance the design of an existing product or process
- ✓ To correct significant design defects, obtain significant cost reductions, or **improve functionality**
- ✓ Design, construction and testing of pre-production **prototypes** and models
- ✓ Conceptual formulation, design and testing of possible product or process alternatives
- ✓ Launch activities involving a new component/process



# Examples of Qualified Activities

- ✓ Design time, tool design and testing, prototype building, etc.
- ✓ Engineering efforts to develop **new plant processes**
- ✓ Efforts to solve production problems where there was uncertainty as to the best solution
- ✓ The design and testing involved in improving the configuration or altering the composition of an existing product/process to **increase efficiency**
- ✓ **Integration** of new software platforms or programs with existing systems



# Examples of Non-Qualified Activities

- ✓ Research done outside the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any possession of the United States (“offshore research”)
- ✓ Research in the social sciences, arts, or humanities
- ✓ Market and consumer research
- ✓ Changes related to style, taste, cosmetic, or seasonal design factors
- ✓ Ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control
- ✓ Advertising or promotion expenses
- ✓ Management studies and efficiency surveys

# Examples of Non-Qualified Activities

- ✓ Acquisition or improvement of land or of certain depreciable property used in research
- ✓ Acquisition of another person's patent, model, production, or process
- ✓ Research funded by another person, or any governmental entity, by means of a grant or contract
- ✓ Research conducted after commercial production
- ✓ Research for the adaptation or duplication of existing business components

# What Expenses Qualify?

- ✓ Wages
  - Box 1 W-2 Wages for employees involved in:
    - **Direct Performance** of qualified activities
    - **Direct Supervision** of qualified activities
    - **Direct Support** of qualified activities





# What Expenses Qualify?

## ✓ Supplies

- Raw materials used in the research or experimentation process
- Expenses relating to tangible personal property of a non-depreciable nature
- Must be used or consumed in the research process

## ✓ Contract Research

- Research conducted on behalf of the taxpayer (paid consultants)
- Payments must not be contingent upon the success of the research
- Taxpayer must retain substantial rights to use the research results
- Allowed at 65% of the actual cost incurred



# Research Credit Keys to Success

## PROJECTS

- Permitted Purpose**
- Technological in Nature**
- Eliminate Uncertainty**
- Process of Experimentation**

## COSTS

- Wages**  
**Qualified Research**  
**Direct Support**  
**Direct Supervision**
- Supplies**  
**Raw materials used in research**
- Contract Research**  
**Research performed on your behalf**

## DOCUMENTATION

- Sample Documents**  
**Project List(s)**  
**Time Tracking**  
**Prototype Designs**  
**Test Results & Analysis**  
**Project Schedules/Timelines**  
**Meeting Minutes**  
**Executive Presentations**  
**Project Summaries**  
**Customer Contracts**  
**Engineering Notes**  
**Project Budgets**  
**Requirement Documents**  
**Email Correspondence**

# Lifecycle of an R&D Tax Credit Study

- ✓ Initial meeting to discuss potential opportunity, discuss what qualifies as research for the credit and gain an understanding of specific activities the business is undertaking that may qualify
- ✓ Information is requested to provide complimentary tax benefit assessment and fixed fee proposal
- ✓ Requested info includes: time study, profit & loss statement, three prior year tax returns, organizational chart, etc.



# Lifecycle of an R&D Tax Credit Study

- ✓ Fixed fee proposal and estimated credit range are provided
- ✓ Employee interviews are conducted to document how the expenses meet the 4 Part Test and gather additional wage/supply/contract allocations
- ✓ Federal credit figures are delivered with a draft Form 6765 needed to claim the credit on federal tax return
- ✓ Applicable state credit applications are delivered



# Lifecycle of an R&D Tax Credit Study

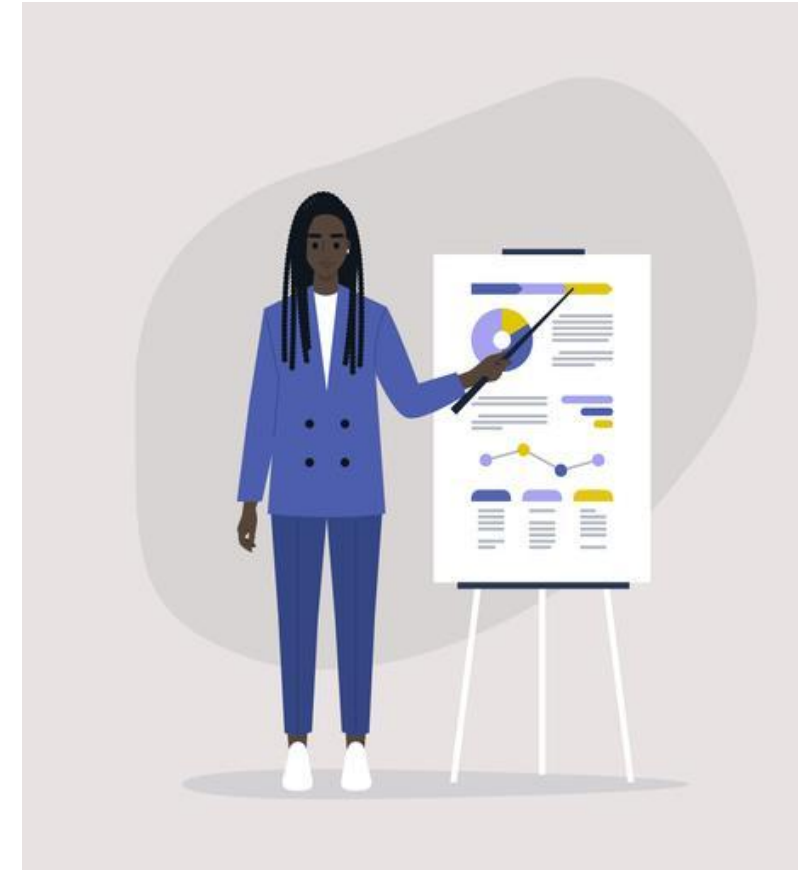
- ✓ Maintaining **documentation** is a key component of claiming the R&D tax credit & sustaining upon audit
- ✓ IRS requires that each business component satisfy the 4-part test
- ✓ Documentation should be maintained to help support and substantiate:
  - Qualifying activities **AND**
  - Costs associated with qualified activities





# Examples of Documentation for Activities

- ✓ Test results of experiments
- ✓ Hand sketches, design concept **drawings**, CAD designs showing the evolution of product designs
- ✓ **Presentations and summaries** to management, the board of directors, review committees or other similar groups regarding research projects, activities, expenditures and the credit
- ✓ **Meeting minutes, notes**, or other similar recordings from budget, board of directors, managerial or other similar meetings concerning research activities



# Examples of Documentation for Activities

- ✓ Project authorizations, budgets or work orders that initiated the research project
- ✓ Internal authorization policies for approving a research project
- ✓ Project summaries, **progress & milestone reports** and project notes (informal)
- ✓ Email **correspondence** describing technical challenges



# On the Horizon

- ✓ Changes in 2022 to deduction of **§174** research and experimental (“R&E”) expenditures
  - Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) – revenue raiser
  - **Currently**: Taxpayer may immediately expense R&E costs in year paid or incurred
  - **2022+**: Taxpayer must amortize R&E costs over 5 years (15 year period for foreign-based costs)



# On the Horizon

- ✓ Planning for the change to §174 cost treatment
  - Identifying R&E expenditures, bifurcating between US and foreign
  - Potential increase to taxable income and estimated tax payments beginning in 2022
  - Bipartisan proposals to repeal or delay the change



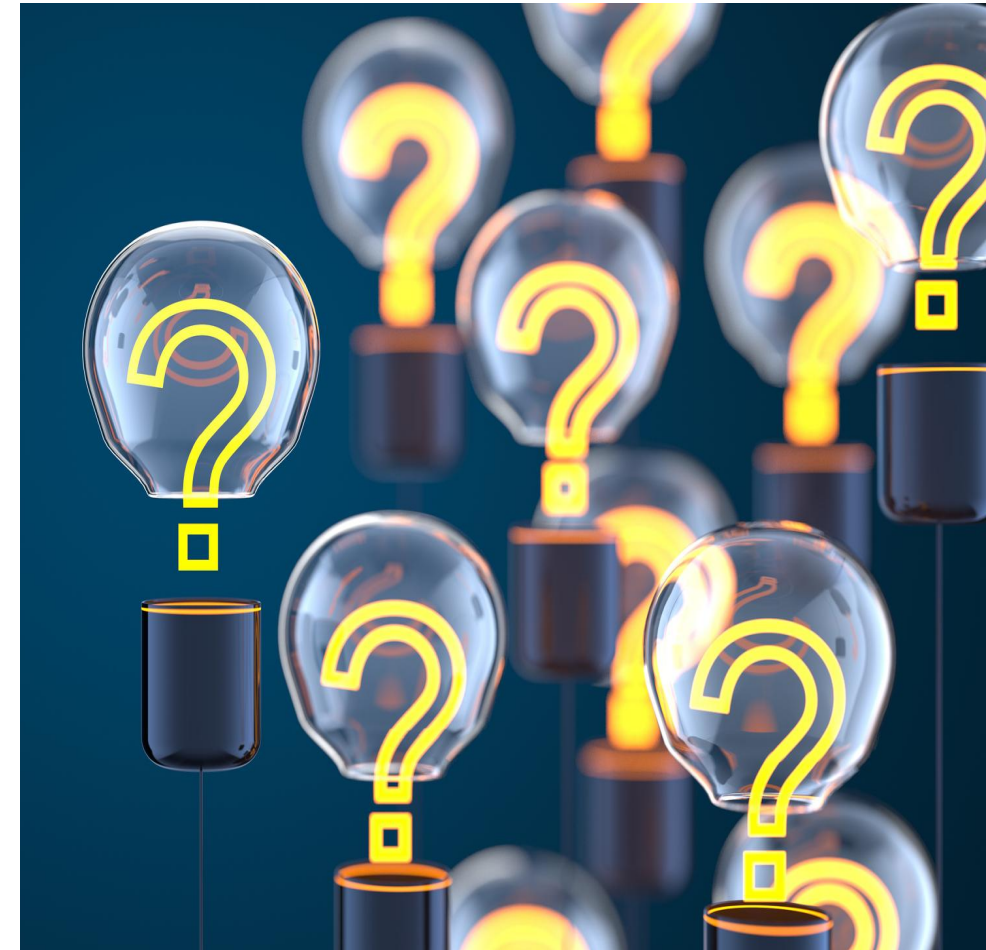
# Case Studies

	<u>Tax Year</u>	<u>Gross Receipts</u>	<u>Qualified Research Expenses (QRE's)</u>	<u>R&amp;D Credit</u>	<u>Credit as % of QRE's</u>
Engineering	2018	\$16,574,877	\$3,099,258	\$192,154	6.2%
Engineering	2019	\$14,754,124	\$2,956,577	\$153,742	5.2%
Engineering	2020	\$17,534,222	\$3,142,745	\$172,851	5.5%
Manufacturing	2018	\$14,251,225	\$939,720	\$77,057	8.2%
Manufacturing	2019	\$8,354,355	\$744,919	\$46,185	6.2%
Manufacturing	2020	\$12,455,114	\$1,008,310	\$84,698	8.4%
Software Development	2018	\$21,018,998	\$324,754	\$18,511	5.7%
Software Development	2019	\$18,188,900	\$450,089	\$35,557	7.9%
Software Development	2020	\$27,557,357	\$412,463	\$27,635	6.7%



# FAQ

- ✓ What if my company isn't profitable?
- ✓ What if the research endeavor fails?
- ✓ What if I don't think our business is doing R&D?
- ✓ Can I offset state taxes in addition to federal?
- ✓ Can the credit be claimed for a prior year?
- ✓ What is the risk of audit?
- ✓ What is the value in partnering with a CPA firm for R&D?



# Questions



# Contact



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